# ZERO EMISSION PASSENGER RAIL AND TRAIL PROJECT

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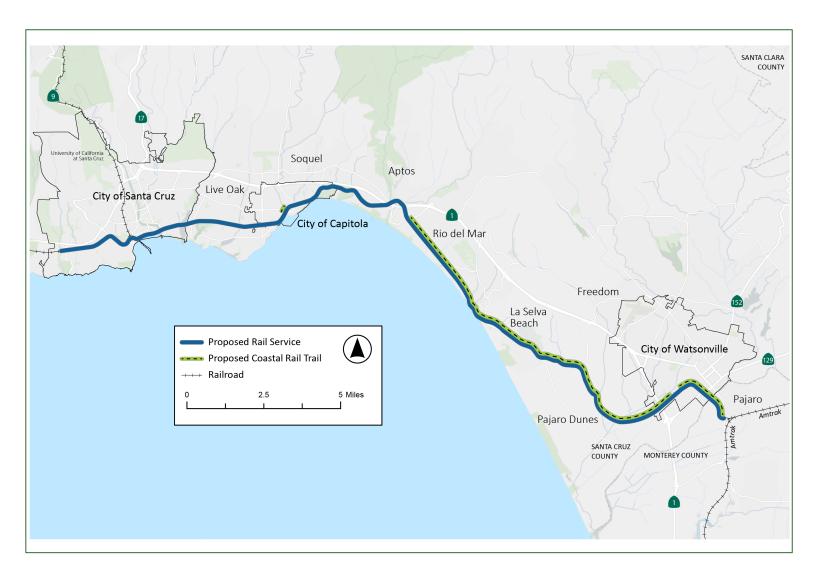




### **Project Overview**

- New high-capacity passenger rail service and stations on approximately 22 miles of the Santa Cruz Branch Rail Line (SCBRL)
- 12 miles of Coastal Rail Trail: Segments 13-20 and the Capitola Trestle reach (Segment 11, Phase 2)





#### PROJECT SCHEDULE 2023 2024 2025 2026 2027 2028 2029 2030 2031 2032 **PROJECT CONCEPT ALTERNATIVES ANALYSIS & PRELIMINARY ENGINEERING ENVIRONMENTAL ANALYSIS** PROJECT APPROVAL **RIGHT-OF-WAY FINAL DESIGN BEGIN CONSTRUCTION**



## Analysis of Conceptual Rail Transit Vehicle Types



#### Rail Vehicle Types

- The vehicle type selected will influence the design of other Project elements and competitiveness for future grant funding.
- Project team is seeking feedback on which vehicle type would be most beneficial and factors to be prioritized.



#### COMPARISON OF RAIL VEHICLE TYPES



#### LOCOMOTIVE HAULED TRAINS



#### Pros

- Compatible with freight, intercity, and commuter rail systems
- · Long-range/high-speed ability
- · High load/passenger capacity
- Ease of reconfigurability (add/remove coaches)
- · Readily available fleet



#### Cons

- High fuel/energy consumption
- · High weight/axle loads
- Poor acceleration/deceleration performance
- Limited zero emission availability and range



#### **MULTIPLE UNIT TRAINS**



#### Pros

- Propulsion option flexibility (catenary, battery, hydrogen, Diesel)
- High seated passenger capacity
- Compatible with freight, intercity, and commuter rail systems
- High speeds possible (100 mph)



#### Con

- Limited flexibility to reconfigure (add/ remove coaches)
- · Few active suppliers in U.S. market
- Battery and hydrogen technology is not as mature as catenary or diesel



#### LIGHT RAIL VEHICLES



#### Pro

- Smaller vehicle, light axle loads
- Multiple options available in market
- High braking and acceleration performance



#### Con

- Not compatible with freight, intercity, or commuter rail traffic
- Lower speeds (60 mph max)
- Low seated passenger capacity
- Limited power options (catenary, battery with limited [less than 10 miles] range)
- Visual impacts of overhead catenary infrastructure
- High cost and maintenance needs of overhead catenary



At this stage, the Project team is aiming to provide a refined design that:

- Fits within the existing right-of-way while accommodating both the rail and trail
- Optimizes operations (transit headways and total travel times)
- Allows for faster train travel speeds, where possible, to reduce end-to-end point total travel time

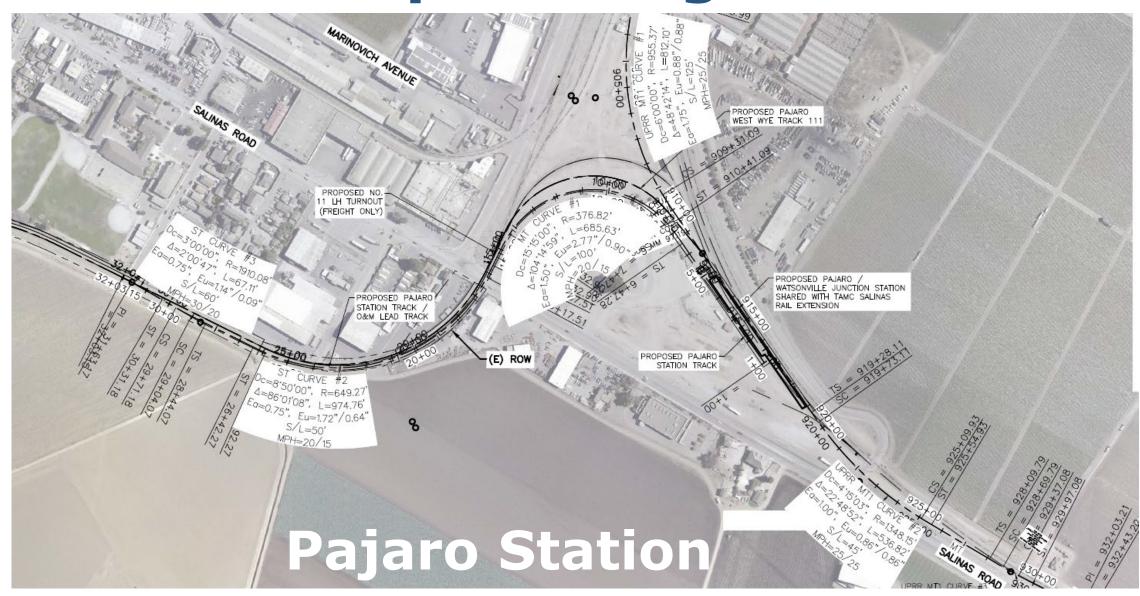


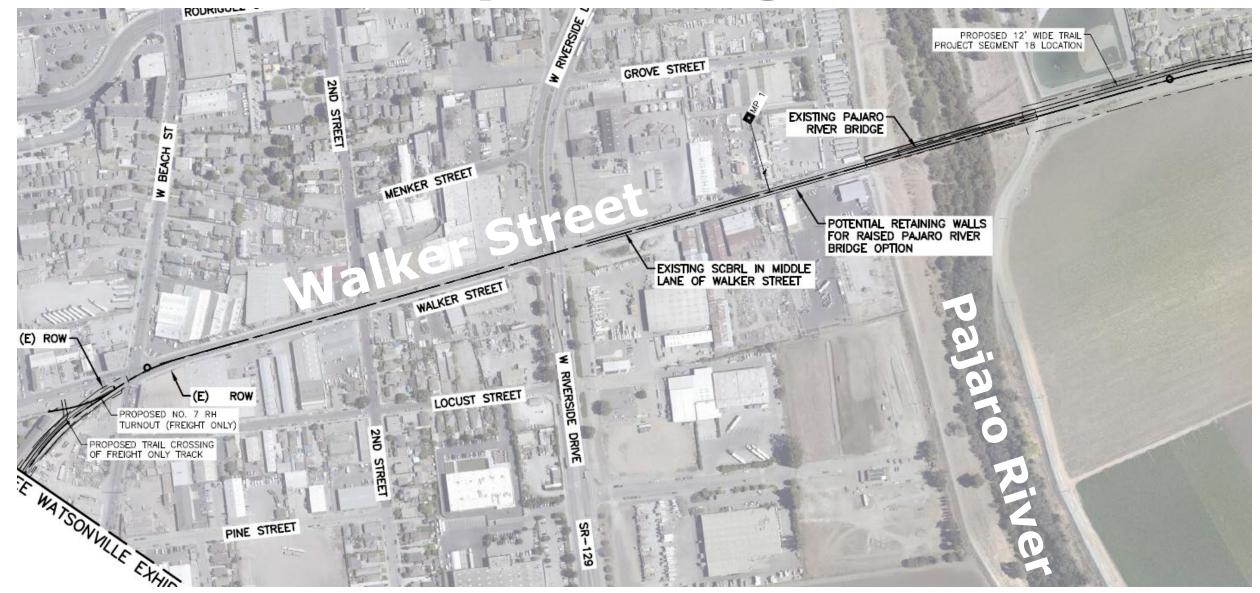


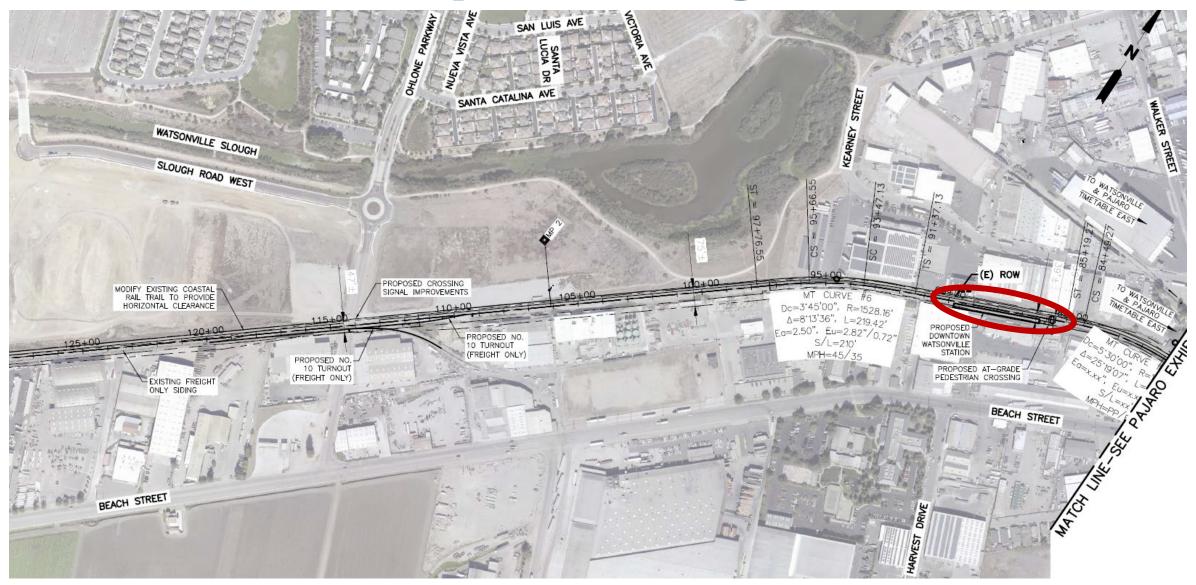
- Provides a "first pass," from which the Project team will continue to develop a refined conceptual alignment over the coming months.
- Intent is to fit, to the extent feasible, the rail and trail facilities within existing right-of-way and optimize operations.
- Project team is evaluating a number of potential conceptual solutions to address constraints.
- Seeking community feedback to identify concerns and ideas for improvements.











### **Interactive Map**



### **Community Engagement**



#### **Community Engagement**

- Seeking feedback on initial conceptual alignment and rail transit vehicle types.
- Virtual and In-Person Open Houses
- Partner agency briefings
- Presentations and community engagement events
- Request feedback by July 18, 2024





### **Next Steps**



### **Upcoming Engagement Opportunities**

#### PROJECT CONCEPT REPORT

Milestones and Engagement Opportunities

WINTER 2024

PRELIMINARY PURPOSE AND NEED STATEMENT

• PROJECT LOOK AHEAD

SUMMER 2024

- CONCEPTUAL ALIGNMENTS
- ZERO EMISSION VEHICLE TYPES



FALL 2024

- REFINED CONCEPTUAL ALIGNMENT
- STATION/LAYOVER FACILITY AND MAINTENANCE LOCATIONS

WINTER 2025

- DRAFT PROJECT CONCEPT REPORT
- PRELIMINARY COST ESTIMATES
- NEXT STEPS FOR PROJECT DEVELOPMENT



### Thank you!

